

Processing Disorders In Children

A **processing disorder** is a disorder in which a child struggles to effectively use the information gathered by the senses. If the brain's processing of auditory, visual, and sensory information is impaired, a child's ability to learn and thrive in an academic setting is affected, often leading to low self-esteem and socialization difficulties.

Processing Disorders can be categorized into 3 main categories:

According to https://www.brainbalancecenters.com/who-we-help/processing-disorders:

Sensory Processing Disorder	Sensory Processing Disorder, or SPD, can result in over- responsiveness to sensory input, like extreme sensitivity to loud noise or itchy clothing, or under-responsiveness, which might present as a lack of awareness of personal space or a desire for thrill seeking. The reaction to sensory stimuli can interfere with the child's daily life.
Visual Processing Disorder	Visual processing disorders can take many shapes - your child might not be able to distinguish between shapes, have difficulty copying notes from the board or have difficulty remembering the correct sequence for letters or numbers in a series.

Auditory Processing Disorder

Auditory Processing Disorder, or APD, impacts a child's comprehension and recall of what they hear and auditory processing in the brain. According to the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, APD can result in issues related to listening for children, including repeated requests for clarification of spoken directions, or difficulty understanding conversations if they're in a noisy place.

Symptoms

- Over-responsive to sounds, textures, or other stimuli
- Trouble hearing background noise
- Distracted and inattentive behavior
- Attention disorders
- Falling behind in reading and spelling
- Asking for information to be repeated

Risk Factors for Children

- Neurological issues and seizures
- Chronic middle ear infections
- Concussions or head injuries
- Genetic factors
- Exposure to drugs
- Certain developmental delays
- Having been under stimulated or overstimulated or institutionalized during critical periods of neurological development

Treatment

- Auditory training
- Hearing aids and listening devices
- Sensory integration therapy
- Vision therapy
- Vestibular therapy
- Reflex integration therapy
- Breathing techniques

Resources:

- Auditory processing disorder (APD) NHS (www.nhs.uk)
- https://kidshealth.org/en/parents/central-auditory.html
- https://www.childrenshospital.org/conditions/auditory-processing-disorder
- https://www.stonecrestcenter.com/development-disorders/sensory-processing-disorder/symptoms-effects/#:~:text=Risk%20Factors%3A,Having%20food%20allergies
- https://www.advancedvisiontherapycenter.com/about/blog/e_1096/Signs-of-a-Vision-Problem/2021/4/What-is-Visual-Processing-Disorder-
- Language Disorder | Psychology Today
- Language Disorder in Children: A Quick Guide (childmind.org)
- What Is Language Processing Disorder? The Complete Guide LDRFA
- <u>Sensory Processing Issues Child Mind Institute</u>
- Sensory Processing Disorder | Psychology Today
- About SPD | STAR Institute (sensoryhealth.org)
- What You Should Know About Cognitive Processing Disorders | Rice Psychology

Extra Helpful Resources (Books)

- *The Whole Brain Child* by Daniel J. Siegel, M.D. and Tina Payne Bryson, Ph.D.
- How to Talk so Little Kids Will Listen by Joanna Faber and Julie King
- How to Talk so Kids Will Listen and Listen so Kids Will Talk by Adele Faber and Elaine Mazlish
- No-Drama Discipline; the Whole-Brain Way to Calm the Chaos and Nurture your Child's Developing Mind by Daniel J. Siegel, M.D. and Tina Payne Bryson, Ph.D.
- Breaking Free of Child Anxiety and OCD by Eli R. Lebowitz, Ph.D.
- Freeing your Child from Anxiety by Tamar E. Chansky, Ph.D.